Numb. 5142

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday July 28. to Saturday August 1. 1713.

Kenſington, July 29.

THE following Addreſs from the County of *Nottingham*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by *William Levinz*, Eſq; being introduced by the Lord High Treaſurer.

To the QUEEN's *moſt Excellent Majeſty,*

The humble Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, and Juſtices of the Peace at the Aſſizes held for the County of *Nottingham.*

MADAM,

ZEALOUS were our Wiſhes for Peace, and Sincere were our Aſſurance to ſupport Your Majeſty, (to the utmoſt of our Power) in ſuch Meaſures as You ſhould think proper to obtain it; and now, amongſt the Number of Your faithful Subjects, we beg leave to return our unfeign'd Thanks for it, when we conſider the Benefits that muſt daily accrue to this Nation by it, the powerful Obſtructions it met with in the carrying on, and the Difficulties we labour'd under from an expenſive and unequal War, we cannot but be aſtoniſhed how ſuch a Sett of Men ſhould ariſe, ſo oppoſite to the Intereſt of their Country; and we admire the Reſolution and the Conduct that brought it to Effect. So many are the Inſtances we have ſeen, of a tender regard to the Welfare of Your People; and ſo juſtly are we convinced of Your unalterable Affection to the Proteſtant Succeſſion, *as now Eſtabliſhed in the Houſe of* Hanover; *that we muſt account theſe Enemies to both, who ſhall inſinuate the leaſt Reflections to the contrary; we have ſo firm a Confidence in the Methods You purſue, to make us a happy People, that under Your auſpicious Reign we can have no Apprehenſion but this, That we may not long enough enjoy the Bleſſing of ſo Good, ſo Gracious a Queen.*

Which Addreſs Her Majeſty received very graciouſly.

Venice, July 21. *N. S.* Upon advice that the Contagious Diſtemper encreaſes at Vienna, the Magiſtrates of Health have order'd a longer Quarrentine to be performed by all Perſons that come from ſuſpected Places, and the Government has ordered the Coaſts to be guarded. The Levant Gally is arrived here from London, and the Union from Briſtol, both richly laden. Letters from Naples bring an account, that the Vice Roy had publiſhed a Proclamation, ordering all the Spaniſh Officers and Soldiers to take the Oath to the Emperor, or to leave the Kingdom immediately; for which Purpoſe Paſſports ſhould be deliver'd to them. A new Man of War and two Galleys were building in that Kingdom.

Vienna, July 22. *N. S.* Their Imperial Majeſty's often divert themſelves with the Chaſe of the Stag, in the Woods about three Leagues off, and the Empreſs hath ſhot ſeveral with her own Hands. The Sickneſs encreaſes here every Day, and ſpreads it ſelf into the adjacent Parts, inſomuch that it is ſaid the Emperor will remove his Court to a greater diſtance than he had at firſt intended, tho' it is not yet known to what Place. Count Zilern, Chancellor of Auſtria, hath deſir'd leave to reſign his Employment, but his Imperial Majeſty hath refuſed to grant it. Letters from Adrianople bring an account, that the Grand Signior had abſolutely renew'd the Peace with Poland, and it was thought the Treaty with the Czar would likewiſe be concluded in a few Days. Six thouſand Men were appointed to conduct the King of Sweden through Poland to Dantzick, but his Majeſty not thinking that a ſufficient Convoy, refus'd to go with them, upon which the Turks threatned to ſend him to ſome other Place, in caſe he did not comply very ſoon.

Madrid, July 24. *N. S.* This Day the Count de Montico arrived here with the Treaty of Peace, which was Sign'd at Utrecht on the 13th Inſtant, between Great Britain and Spain. Some Days ago the Genoeſe Envoy made his Publick Entry, and had his firſt Audience, with the Ceremonies, that have been lately regulated by this Court, and which all other Envoys are to follow. The Duke de Fernandina is baniſh'd this City for Ten Years, for having committed a Murther at Villa Franca. The Prince Robeck is made a Grandee of the firſt Claſs. The Government of Peru is committed to the Archbiſhop of Lima, during the abſence of the Prince de Santobueno the Vice Roy, who intends to take the next opportunity of embarking for that Kingdom. The Merchant Ships bound thither having already ſet Sail, they are to be Convoy'd by Two Britiſh Men of War as far as the Canary Iſlands, for fear of the Algerine Privateers, which continue to infeſt thoſe Seas. Letters from Catalonia bring an account, that the Marquis de Leedas had taken poſſeſſion of Terragona on the 13th; the Miquelets had ſhut up the Paſſages of the Mountains, purſuant to a Reſolution taken by the Catalans, to defend themſelves againſt France and Spain, notwithſtanding which, it is thought they will make their Submiſſion as ſoon as the King's Army approaches Barcelona.

Hamburg, Auguſt 1. *N. S.* We have received Advice, that the Elector of Hanover has aſſured the King of Pruſſia he will concur with any Meaſures his Majeſty ſhall think fit to take to encline the King of Denmark to evacuate Holſtein, provided an exact Neutrality be obſerved between the Princes engaged in the War. The Conferences at Berlin have ceaſed for ſome time, and they are not to begin again till the King of Denmark's Reſolution is known in this matter. Prince Menzikoff is gone to Stetin, to haſten the Attack of that Place by his Preſence. The Siege is be carried on by Twenty five thouſand Muſcovites, who only wait for the arrival of the Saxon Artillery to open the Trenches. Letters from Sweden bring an Account, that the Senate of Stockholm has approved of the Conduct of Monſieur Meyerfeldt, in not delivering up that Place into the Hands of his Pruſſian Majeſty. The Muſcovites and Saxons have made themſelves Maſters of the iſle of Rugen, with the Loſs of only ſix Men. This Expedition was managed by General Luxelbourg, ſince which Matters are preparing for the Siege of Stralſund, which is to be carried on under the Conduct of General Flemming. Count Welling has receiv'd an Expreſs from the King of Sweden at Adrianople, with Letters for ſeveral Miniſters of that Crown, dated the 6th paſt. They bring a

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